2022 Calculus Field Day at Northeastern

April 22, 2022

Calculus BC – Session 2

Directions:

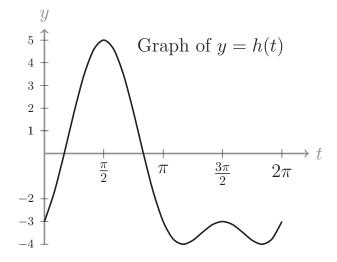
- This is Calculus BC, Session 2. Graphing calculators are NOT ALLOWED for this session.
- Write your responses as neatly and as clearly as possible. Label all problems and parts.
- Show all relevant work. A correct answer with missing justification may not receive full points.
- Numerical answers should be exact or rounded to three decimal places, unless otherwise instructed.
- There are 3 problems in this session, each worth 10 points in total.
- Time: 30 minutes.

Do NOT go to the next page until you are directed to begin.

4) A rowboat is tied to a dock, and waves hitting the boat cause it to move up and down slowly. The height in inches of the boat above the dock after t minutes is given by the function

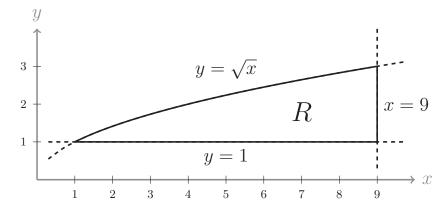
$$h(t) = 4\sin^2(t) + 4\sin(t) - 3$$

whose graph is shown below.



- (a) Calculate the value $h'(\pi)$, including correct units, and briefly describe the meaning of this quantity in the context of the problem.
- (b) What is the average height of the boat during the interval $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ minutes?
- (c) Between time t = 0 minutes and time $t = 2\pi$ minutes, for how much total time is the boat above the surface of the dock?
- (d) Give an integral expression for the average height of the boat during the time it is above the dock. (You do not need to evaluate the integral.)

5) Let $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$ for $x \ge 1$ and let R be the region lying below the graph of y = g(x), above the line y = 1, and to the left of the line x = 9:



(a) Find the area of the region R.

- (b) If the region R is revolved around the x-axis, what is the volume of the resulting solid?
- (c) The region R is the base of a solid whose cross-sections perpendicular to the x-axis are squares. What is the volume of the solid?

6) A function f(x) is defined by the Maclaurin series

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{2}{4^2}x^2 + \frac{3}{4^3}x^3 - \frac{4}{4^4}x^4 + \dots + (-1)^{n+1}\frac{n}{4^n}x^n + \dots$$

for all real numbers x such that the series converges.

- (a) Find, with justification, the interval of convergence of the Maclaurin series for f(x).
- (b) Find the value of the limit $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{f(x) x/4}{x^2}$.
- (c) Express the value of $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ as an infinite series.
- (d) Use the infinite series in (c) to give a rational number expression approximating $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$ to within an error of at most 1/1000, making sure to justify why the error is at most 1/1000. (You do not need to simplify the rational number expression.)